GUIDANCE PACK FOR APPLICATION OF THE EMISSION LICENCE FOR STATIONARY SOURCES AS PER AIR QUALITY REGULATIONS, 2014.

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NINTH SCHEDULE

EMISSION LICENSES

r41

Form IV: Application for Initial Emission License

1. Name of Company	
P.O. Box	
TelFax E-mail	
Name of Contact Person	
3. Location	
LR No Street Area Division	
TownDistrict Province	
4. Type of Industry	
5. Name(s) of emitting Equipment	
	٠.
	٠.
6. Site Plan Layout, (attach sketch)	
(a) Distance of the equipment to the nearest building	
(b) Height of the above referred building	
(c)Nearest sensitive area or facility	
(d) Immission (fall-out) point	
(a) minission (an oat) point	
7. Operating Emission levels	
(i)	
(ii)	
(iii)	
(iv)	
8. Proposed Emission Control Mitigation Measures	
(v)	
(vi)	
(vii)	
(17)	

9. Additiona.	l information required
10 Start-up	and shut-down of the equipment
a)	Methods
b)	Expected Frequency of Occurrence
c)	Duration of occurrence
d)	Projected emitted Pollutants
(i)	
(ii)	
(iii)	
(iv)	
ll. (a).Natu	re of emissions (gaseous, Particulates)
, ,	
(ii)	
(iii)	
(iv)	
(b) Conc	centration of the emissions
`)
.1.1)
.2)
` ,	
Ciono	ture of Applicant Date
•	ture of ApplicantDateon
FOSILI	011
FOR (OFFICIAL USE
Appr	oved/Not approved
	l thisof 20
Signa	ture
(Seal)	

ANNEX 1: GUIDELINES ON FILLING THE EMISSION LICENCE APPLICATION FORM

Form IV: Application for Initial Emission License

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- 1. Name of Company: (As indicated in the Certificate of Registration)
- 2. Address:
 - P.O. Box: (As indicated in the Letter Head)

Tel: (As above); Fax: (As above); E-mail: (official email details)

Name of Contact Person: (Legal Entity of the company)

3. Location

LR No. (As indicated in the title deed); Street: (Name of road or street); Area: (Name of the location); Division: (Name of Sub-County); Town: (Name of urban center); District: (Name of County); Province: NA

- 4. Type of Industry: (Indicate production sector)
- 5. Name(s) of emitting Equipment:

e.g.:

- a) Generators;
- b) Boilers
- c) Incinerators
- d) Production equipment
- 6. Site Plan Layout, (attach sketch)
 - (a) Distance of the equipment to the nearest building (X meters)
 - (b) Height of the above referred building(Y meters)
 - (c)Nearest sensitive area or facility (As quided under 6th Schedule Annex 6)
 - (d) Immission (fall-out) point (Point determined from the dispersion model)
- 7. Operating Emission levels: (Allowable emission limits as indicated in the 3rd Schedule –Annex 7)

For instance:

- (a) Parameter: $V \mu g/Nm^3$
- (b) Parameter: X µg/Nm³
- (c) Parameter: Y µg/Nm³
- (d) Parameter: Z μg/Nm³
- 8. Proposed Emission Control Mitigation Measures: (As guided under 7th Schedule-Annex 8)

For instance:

(a) PM - Mechanical Collectors (cyclones)

- (b) VOC Adsorption/absorption systems, flares, oxidizers and bio filters
- (c) SOX dry or wet scrubbers
- (d) NOX Catalytic reduction systems or EGR
- 9. Additional information required: Attach Stack Emission Report and Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Report as per the attached report format Annex 2 and Annex 3 respectively.

NB. Stack Emission and Ambient Air Quality Measurements shall be carried out by a laboratory designated by NEMA for the Air media. (List of designated laboratories indicated under Annex-4)

- 10. Start-up, and shut-down of the equipment
 - a) Methods. *Emission Reduction measures*
 - b) Expected Frequency of Occurrence: (Number of times in a day)
 - c) Duration of occurrence: (Time in minutes and start time of the occurrence)
 - d) Projected emitted Pollutants *For instance:*
 - (i) Particulate Matter
 - (ii) Volatile Organic Compounds
 - (iii) Sulphur Oxides
- 11. (a).Nature of emissions (gaseous, Particulates)
 - (i) Particulates
 - (ii) Gaseous
 - (iii) Odour

(Seal)

(b	Concentration of the emissions Emission Results from the stack emission report. (a) Parameter: V ₁ μg/Nm ³ (b) Parameter: X ₁ μg/Nm ³ (c) Parameter: Y ₁ μg/Nm ³ (d) Parameter: Z ₁ μg/Nm ³
	Signature of ApplicantDate Position (Designation of the legal entity
	FOR OFFICIAL USE
	Approved/Not approved

NB. Attach a copy of bank deposit slip for payment of Emission licence and its application fees as guided under Annex 5.

Annex 2: Stack emission Report Format

The results summary report must be signed by the licensee.

The report must contain at least the:

- a) Name and address of reporting facility
- b) Date of issue of the report
- c) Date, time and place of measurements
- d) Identification of sources tested
- e) The test method used and details of any deviation from that method
- f) Details of source or process operating conditions during sampling and a statement about the representativeness of the sample taken
- g) Location of sampling plane, with respect to the nearest upstream and downstream flow disturbances
- h) Number of sampling points
- i) Period of sampling (start and end times)
- j) Average stack gas velocity in meters per second
- k) Average stack gas temperature in kelvins/centigrades
- 1) Air pollutant molecular weight or density in kilograms per cubic meter
- m) Water content of stack gas, expressed as a percentage by volume
- n) Stack gas volumetric flow rate on a dry basis under standard conditions, in cubic meters per second
- o) Concentration of Air pollutant on a dry basis under standard conditions, in grams per cubic Meter
- p) Mass emission rate of Air pollutant on a dry basis under standard conditions, in grams per Second
- q) Details of sample preservation, if applicable
- r) Any factors that may have affected the monitoring results
- s) The precision of the results in accordance to ISO 5725
- t) Details of the most recent calibration of each instrument used to take measurements.

NB.

- (i) If an Air pollutant cannot be detected, results **must not** be quoted as zero but as less than the method's limit of detection.
- (ii) All volumes and concentrations are normally reported as dry at a temperature of 0°C and at an absolute pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (kPa).
- (iii) Attach a copy of the measuring equipment data-Logger print-out.

Annex 3: Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Report Format

The results summary report must signed by the licensee

The report must contain at least the:

- a) Name and address of reporting facility
- b) Date of issue of the report
- c) The test method used and details of any deviation from that method
- d) Period of monitoring (start and end dates and percentage of time the instruments were online)
- e) Location of monitoring points (normal address and GPS reference, height above nominal ground level, and a description of the terrain features)
- f) The air pollutants measured, the monitoring instruments used, and a description of the air sampling system
- g) Maximum hourly average concentration, daily average concentration, and appropriate longer-term averages
- h) Appropriate statistical information to describe the variability and range of the concentrations
- i) Any factors that may have affected the monitoring results
- j) The precision of the results in accordance to ISO 5725
- k) Details of the most recent calibration of each instrument used to take measurements.

NB.

- (i) If an Air pollutant cannot be detected, results **must not** be quoted as zero but as less than the method's limit of detection.
- (ii) Attach a copy of the measuring equipment data-Logger print-out.

Annex 4: List of laboratories designated by NEMA to carry out air quality measurements

	Laboratories			Scope N	<i>leasureme</i>	nt
		Email & Mobile Contact.	Stack Emis		Ambient Air Quality	Indoor Air Quality
			PM	Gaseous	_	_
1	SGS Kenya Limited P.O.7211- 00200, Nbi	Sgsinquiries=Kenya@sgs.com Tel: 020-2733693	V	√	√	
2	Polucon Services P.O. Box 99344 -80100, Msa	Polucon@polucon.com Tel: 0722229944	V	V	V	
3	Institute of Nuclear Science & Technology P.O.Box 3097 - 00100, NAIROBI	inst@uonbi.ac.ke tel: 020-318262			√ 	
4	Ecoserv Laboratory, P.O.Box 1303 - 00100, NAIROBI	gachanja@ecoservkenya.com tel: 0722882879	√			V
5	Labworks P.O.Box 9648 - 00100, NAIROBI	info@labworksea.com tel: 0726209641	V	V	V	
6	Kenya Bureau of Standards P.O.Box 54974=00200, NAIROBI	Info@kebs.org Tel: 0722203137	√	√		√

PM: Particulate Matter

Annex 5: Emission License Fees as per the 13th Schedule

THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE

FEES

The fees chargeable under these Regulations shall be as specified hereafter.

- (a) Application for:
 - (i) Emission License for listed emitting facility: KShs. 5, 000/=
 - (ii) Emission License for other emitting facility than (i) above: KShs. 5,000/=
 - (iii) Variation of emission license: KShs.3,000/=
 - (iv) Transfer of emission license: KShs.3,000/=
- (b) Annual License fee for Emission into the atmosphere
 - (i) Facility listed in 6th schedule under category I:- KShs. 50,000/=
 - (ii) Facility listed in 6th schedule under category II:- KShs.30,000/=
 - (iii) Polluting facility not in 6th Schedule other than (i) and (ii) above:- KShs.20,000/=
- (c) Inspection of emission monitoring records/emission license register: KShs.200/=
- (d) Variation of emission License is 10% of the Annual License fee

The above fees are payable to the NEMA Revenue Account:

Details:

Account No. 1102298158

Bank Name: *KCB*, Branch: *KICC Branch*, r85

Annex 6: List of Controlled Areas

SIXTH SCHEDULE

LIST OF CONTROLLED AREAS

- a) Residential areas, Hospitals,
- b) National Parks,
- c) Reserves and Sanctuaries,
- d) Conservation areas,
- e) Central Business Districts
- f) Any other area declared by the Authority from time to time

Annex 7: Emission Limits for Controlled and Non-Controlled Facilities

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THIRD SCHEDULE

EMISSION LIMITS FOR CONTROLLED AND NON-CONTROLLED FACILITIES

	Air Pollutant Industry	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) PM10 (mg/Nm^3)		Sulphur oxide (SOx)	$(\mathrm{mg/Nm^3})$	Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	$({ m mg/Nm^3})$	O ₂ %	Carbon monoxide (mg/Nm³)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Carbon} & \text{dioxide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	Hydrocarbons (mg/Nm^3)	$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Hydrogen} & \textbf{Sulphide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride (mg/Nm³)	Lead (mg/Nm ³)	Dioxins/Furans
			NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
	Aluminium recycling		10 - 30									20		*			*
\vdash	plants Asphalt mixing batch		< 100 t:		2000		460			*	*	20					
	plants		g/kg		2000		100					20					
			100 to 300 t: 22g/kg 300 to 500 t: 31g/kg > 500 t: 33 g/kg														
-	Boilers	*	50		*		*			*	*	*	*				*
	Cement plants Ceramics manufacture		50 400		400		1500 180- 250 ppm *			*	500	300					0.5ng/Nm
	Coke & coal plants		*		*		*			*	*	*	*	*			
	Dairy		50														
	Fertilizer plant		50		*		500					20	30		50		
	Iron Foundry		50		560					*	*				5		
	Brass bronze Foundry		50		20 - 50												
	Glass Manufacture		20 - 50		Oil fired : 1,80		1000 - 2000							50	5		

	Air I	Pollutant	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) PM10		Sulphur oxide (SO _X)	(mg/Nm³)	Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	(mg/Nm ³)	O ₂ %	Carbon monoxide (mg/Nm³)	Carbon dioxide (mg/Nm³)	$\textbf{Hydrocarbons}~(mg/Nm^3)$	Hydrogen Sulphide (mg/Nm³)	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride (mg/Nm³)	Lead (mg/Nm ³)	Dioxins/Furans
				NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
						Gas fired : 700												
F	Galvanizing	operations	*	50		: 700												
	Incinerator s	operations	*	<pre>< 10 t: 4g/kg 10 to 30 t: 10g/kg 30 to 50 t: 10g/kg > 50 t: 17.5</pre>		500		Existi ng:13 0-600 ppm			*		*					2.0 – 80 n TEQ/Nm ³
				17.5 g/kg				New: 60- 400										0.1 – 5 n, TEQ/Nm ³
-		Municip		100				ppm 300			*	*						
L		al waste																
		Medical waste		20 (PM _{2.5})		500		300			*	*	*		*			*
		Industria l waste	*	50		150		460			*	*	*	*	*			*
ŀ	Kraft pulp m			100-150		500		600			*	*	20	15	*	*		*
	Lead Recycle			20 (PM _{2.5})		400											5 0 (B & R F u r n a c e	*

Atta Dalladand		10				~			de	de	[3)	de	de	de		
Air Pollutant		ıst) PM		Sulphur oxide (SOx)	() ()	ss (NOx	<u>()</u>		monoxide	dioxide	mg/Nm	Sulphide	Chloride	Fluoride		
Industry		ate (Du mg/Nm	b	ır oxid	(mg/Nm³)	n oxide	mg/Nm				rbons (u (u .	u (g/Nm³)	Furans
Industry	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) P M_{10}		MdlnS	1)	Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	1)	O ₂ %	Carbon (mg/Nm ³)	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Carbon} \\ (mg/Nm^3) \end{array}$	Hydrocarbons (mg/Nm^3)	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Hydrogen} \\ (mg/Nm^3) \end{array}$	Hydrogen	$\frac{\textbf{Hydrogen}}{(mg/Nm^3)}$	Lead (mg/Nm^3)	Dioxins/Furans
		NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
·															1 0 P 0 t F u r n a c	
															e)	
Mineral Processing Mining & Quarry	2	50 400														
<i>3</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0 %															
Non-ferrous secondary smelters		50		20		*			*	*	*	*				
Non-ferrous secondary smelters	*	< 10 t: 7.5 g/kg (PM _{2.5}) 10 to 30		800		*			*	*	20	15				*
		t: 22.5 g/kg (PM _{2.5}) 30 to 50														
		t: 37.5g/kg (PM _{2.5})														
		> 50 t: 52.5 g/kg (PM _{2.5})														
Paint and varnish manufacturing		50 (PM _{2.5})									20	15	10			
Pesticides formulation		20 (PM _{2.5})									20		5			
Pesticide manufacturing		20									20					

Air Po	ollutant	Opacity	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Particulate (Dust) PM}_{10} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$	0	Sulphur oxide (SOx)	(mg/Nm³)	Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)	(mg/Nm³)	O ₂ %	Carbon monoxide (mg/Nm³)	$\begin{array}{cc} \textbf{Carbon} & \textbf{dioxide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	$\textbf{Hydrocarbons} \; (mg/Nm^3)$	Hydrogen Sulphide (mg/Nm³)	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride (mg/Nm³)	Lead (mg/Nm ³)	Dioxins/Furans
			NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
Petroleum Rei	fineries		50		Sulp hur reco very: 150 Com busti on units :500		460			*		20	152				*
Pharmaceutica manufacturing	als g plants		20									80		10			
Printing indus Steel mills	try											20		10			
		*	Existing- 240 (PM _{2.5}) New- 120 (PM _{2.5})		500		180			*							
Sulphuric acid	l Plants		50		SO ₂ : 2 kg/t acid SO ₃ : 0.15												
					kg/t acid <												
					100 t: 3.75 g/kg												
					100 to 300 t: 10.5 g/kg												

				1												
Air Pollutant		$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Particulate (Dust) PM}_{10} \\ & (\text{me/Nm}^3) \end{array}$		Sulphur oxide (SOx)	(mg/Nm^3)	Nitrogen oxides (NO _{X)}	Nm^3)		monoxide	dioxide	Hydrocarbons $(\mathrm{mg/Nm^3})$	Sulphide	Chloride	Fluoride	m³)	ans
Industry	Opacity	Particulate (mg/	o L	Sulphur 0	/gm)	Nitrogen o	/gm)	O ₂ %	Carbon (mg/Nm ³)	$\frac{\text{Carbon}}{(\text{mg/Nm}^3)}$	Hydrocarbo	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Hydrogen} \\ (\text{mg/Nm}^3) \end{array}$	Hydrogen	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Hydrogen} \\ (mg/Nm^3) \end{array}$	Lead (mg/Nm^3)	Dioxins/Furans
		NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
				300 to 500 t: 34.5 g/kg > 500 t: 48 g/kg												
Sugar Manufacture		(< 8.7 mw input boiler): 150 (>8.7 mw input boiler): 100		2000		Liquid fuels: 460 ppm Solid fuels: 750 ppm										
Soda ash Manufacture		50											*			
Tanneries		50		1000		1500					20	15	*			*
Textiles Geothermal Power plants		50		*		*					20	*				
Thermal Power Plants Small combustion facilities(3MWth – 50NMWth)Reciprocati ng internal Combustion Engine (RICE) Engine (Gas)		N/A		N/A		200(S I)										
						1,600(CI)										

Air Pollutant Industry	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) PM10 (mg/Nm ³)	0	Sulphur oxide (SOx)	Sulphur oxide (SOx) (mg/Nm³)		(mg/Nm³)	O ₂ %	Carbon monoxide (mg/Nm³)	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Carbon} & \text{dioxide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array} $	Hydrocarbons (mg/Nm^3)	$\begin{array}{cc} \textbf{Hydrogen} & \textbf{Sulphide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride (mg/Nm³)	Lead (mg/Nm ³)	Dioxins/Furans
		NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
Liquid	K S 1 5 1 5	50		Use 1.5% sulp hur fuel(SF)*		Boreø <400 mm: 1460 Boreø ≥400 mm: 1,850										
Turbine																
Natural Gas																
3MWth to < 15MWth		N/A		N/A		42pp m(Ele ctric Gener ation)(EG) 100pp m(Me chanic al Drive) (MD)										
15MWth to < 50 MWth		N/A		N/A		25pp m										
Other fuels																
3MWth to < 15MWth		N/A		0.5% SF		96pp m(EG) 150pp m(M D)										
15MWth to < 50MWth		N/A		0.5% SF or lowe r		74pp m										
Boiler		27/1		27/:		225										
Gas		N/A		N/A		320										

Air Pollutant Industry	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) PM ₁₀ $\frac{1}{2}$		Sulphur oxide (SOx)	(mg/Nm³)	Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)	$({ m mg/Nm^3})$	O ₂ %	Carbon monoxide (mg/Nm³)	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Carbon} & \textbf{dioxide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	$\textbf{Hydrocarbons} \; (mg/Nm^3)$	Hydrogen Sulphide (mg/Nm³)	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride (mg/Nm³)	Lead (mg/Nm³)	Dioxins/Furans
		NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
Liquid		50 or 150 *		2000		460										
Solid		50 or 150 *		2000		650										
Combustion Technology/Fuel RICE Natural Gas		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	200(S I) 400(D	200(SI) 400(15 %								
Liquid		50	30	1,17	0.5	400(D F)	400(DF/ CI)	15								
fuels(>=50MWth to < 300MWth				0 or ≤2% SF	%S F	CI,Bo re ø<400 mm) 1,850(CI, Boreø ≥400 mm) 2,000(DF)		%								
Liquid fuels(plant≥ 300MWth		50	30	585 or ≤ 1%S F	0.2 %S F	740**	400	15 %								
Biofuels/Gaseous fuels other than Natural Gas		50	30	N/A	N/A	30% > Natur al Gas & Liquid Fuels										
Combustion Turbine																

Air Pollutant Industry	Opacity	Particulate (Dust) PM10	(mg/Nm^3)	Sulphur oxide (SOx)	(mg/Nm^3)	Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)	$({ m mg/Nm^3})$	02%	$\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Carbon} & \textbf{monoxide} \\ & (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Carbon} & \textbf{dioxide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array}$	$\textbf{Hydrocarbons} \ (mg/Nm^3)$	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Hydrogen} & \textbf{Sulphide} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array} $	Hydrogen Chloride	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Hydrogen} & \textbf{Fluoride} \\ (mg/Nm^3) & \end{array} $	Lead (mg/Nm ³)	Dioxins/Furans
		NDA	DA	NDA	DA	NDA	DA									
Natural Gas (All turbine types of unit> 50MWth)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	51	25									
Fuels other than Natural Gas(unit> 50MWth)		50	30	Use 1%S F	Use 0.5 %S F											
Boiler Natural Gas		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	240	240	3 %								
Other Gaseous fuels		50	30	400	400	240	240	3 %								
Liquid Fuels(Plant >=50MWth to < 600MWth)		50	30	900- 1500	400	400	200	3 %								
Liquid Fuels(>=600MWth)		50	30	200- 850	200	400	200	3 %								
Solid Fuels>=50MWth to < 600MWth)		50	30	900- 1500	400	510	200	6 %								
Solid Fuels(>=600MWth)		50	30	200- 850	200	1,100 upto volatil e matter of fuel < 10%	200	6 %								
Waste water treatment plants						NH ₃ (1 00- 400)					400 - 2,0 00	50- 200				

And any other parameter as may be prescribed by the Authority from time to time

Legend

SF: Suphur Fuel

^{* 1.5-3.0%} only justified by project specific considerations i.e. add secondary treatment to meet levels of 1.5% Sulphur

^{**} dependent on water availability for injection

CI: Compression Ignition

SI: Spark Ignition DF: Dual Fuel

DA: Degraded Area

NDA: Non-degraded Area

The chimney or stack should have a minimum height of 10 metres above ground level and clear the highest of the building by not less than 3 metres for all roofs. The topography and height of adjacent buildings within 50 metres radius should be taken into account.

Toxic Equivalent (TEQ) is the sum of the toxic equivalent factors (TEF) of a mixture congeners contained in a compound. The compound 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin(TCDD) was assigned a TEF of 1 after being identified, by International Association of Radiology and Cancer (IARC) and World Health Organisation (WHO), as the most toxic of all compounds, and as carcinogenic to humans, based mainly on studies of cases involving accidental or occupational heavy exposure. Therefore the TEF is a weighting factor.

g - gram
µg- microgram
kg — kilogram (1,000g)
mg - milligram
µg- microgram
m³ — cubic metre
ppm — Parts per million
t — tonne

Annex 8: Acceptable Emission Control Technologies

SEVENTH SCHEDULE

ACCEPTABLE EMISSION CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES

List of Acceptable Emission Control Technologies

	Air Pollutants	Emission Control technologies	Remarks
1.	Particulate Matter	Mechanical collectors (dust cyclones,	
		multicyclones)	
		Electrostatic precipitators	
		Fabric filters (baghouses)	
		Particulate scrubbers	
2.	Nitrogen Oxides (Nox) *	<u>Low NOx burners</u>	
		Selective catalytic reduction (SCR)	
		Selective non-catalytic reduction (SNCR)	
		NOx scrubbers	
		Exhaust gas recirculation	
		<u>Catalytic converter</u>	
-	XX 1 . 11		
3.	Volatile Organic	Adsorption systems, such as <u>activated</u>	
	Compounds (VOC),	<u>carbon</u>	
	hydrocarbons		
		<u>Flares</u>	
		Thermal oxidizers	
		Catalytic oxidizers	
		Biofilters	
		Absorption (scrubbing)	
		Cryogenic condensers	
4.	Sulphur Oxides (SOx)	Wet scrubbers	
	Sulphui Oxides (SOX)	Dry scrubbers	
		Flue gas desulphurization	
		rao gas desarprarization	
5.	Carbon Oxides	Thermal oxidizers	
6.	Hydrogen Sulphides	Absorption (scrubbing)	
7.	Hydrogen Chloride	Dry Scrubbers,	

	Air Pollutants	Emission Control technologies	Remarks
		Adsorption systems, such as activated	
		<u>carbon</u>	
8.	Dioxins & Furans	Cyclone	
		Electrostatic precipitator	
		Bag filter	
		Wet scrubber	
		Quenching & subsequent wet scrubber	
		Catalytic oxidation (selective catalytic	
		reaction)	
		Catalytic bag filter	
		Dry absorption in resins (carbon Particles	
		dispersed in a polymer matrix)	
		Entrained flow reactor with added activated	
		carbon or coke/lime or limestone solutions	
		and subsequent fabric filter	
		Fixed bed or circulating fluidized bed	
		reactor, adsorption with activated carbon or	
		open hearth coke	
9.	Metals (Hg, Pb,)	Sorbent Injection Technology	
		Electro-Catalytic Oxidation (ECO)	
		K-Fuel	
10.	Any other technology approved by the Authority from time to time		

* Notes

Best Available Technology (BAT) for this category of equipment will consist of combustion modification technology including either:

(a) low NO burner technology with low excess air

- (b) Air if technically feasible; or(c) flue gas re-circulation with low excess air.